## INTEREST AND LOAN PAYMENTS

Compound Interest Formula:

$$
A=P\left(1+\frac{A P R}{n}\right)^{(n \times Y)}
$$

Continuous Compounding Formula:
$A=P \times e^{(A P R \times Y)}$

Savings Plan Formula:

$$
A=P M T \times \frac{\left[\left(1+\frac{A P R}{n}\right)^{(n \times Y)}-1\right]}{\left(\frac{A P R}{n}\right)}
$$

Loan Payment Formula:

$$
P M T=\frac{P \times\left(\frac{A P R}{n}\right)}{\left[1-\left(1+\frac{A P R}{n}\right)^{(-n \times Y)}\right]}
$$

## TAXATION

Overall tax rate:

$$
O T R=\frac{\text { total tax }}{\text { gross income }}
$$

Long-Term Dividend and Capital Gains Income Tax:

5\% tax on income in the 10\% and 15\% tax brackets

15\% tax on income in higher tax brackets

FICA Taxes:
7.65\% tax on first 94,200 dollars from wages
$1.45 \%$ tax on any income from wages in excess of $\$ 94,200$

Marginal Tax Rates (2006 numbers):

| TAX RATE | SINGLE | Married Filing <br> Jointly | Married Filing <br> Separately | Head of <br> Household |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 0 \%}$ | Up to $\$ 7,550$ | Up to $\$ 15,100$ | Up to $\$ 7,550$ | Up to $\$ 10,750$ |
| $\mathbf{1 5 \%}$ | Up to $\$ 30,650$ | Up to $\$ 61,300$ | Up to $\$ 30,650$ | Up to $\$ 41,050$ |
| $\mathbf{2 5 \%}$ | Up to $\$ 74,200$ | Up to $\$ 123,700$ | Up to $\$ 61,850$ | Up to $\$ 106,000$ |
| $\mathbf{2 8 \%}$ | Up to $\$ 154,800$ | Up to $\$ 188,450$ | Up to $\$ 94,225$ | Up to $\$ 171,650$ |
| STANDARD <br> DEDUCTION | $\$ 5,150$ | $\$ 10,300$ | $\$ 5,150$ | $\$ 7,550$ |
| EXEMPTION <br> person) | $\$ 3,300$ | $\$ 3,300$ | $\$ 3,300$ | $\$ 3,300$ |

